

Why ESG Monitoring is becoming Mandatory

Why small and medium business owners
need to pay attention - and what to do about it

*By Rita Benoy Bushon, MD
RAA Capital Partners Sdn Bhd*

Why ESG Is Becoming Core Business Intelligence

For years, ESG — Environmental, Social, and Governance — was viewed largely as the concern of listed companies and multinational groups. That assumption no longer holds.

As customers, financiers, supply-chain partners, and regulators extend their expectations across the value chain, SMEs are increasingly expected to understand, manage, and demonstrate their sustainability performance.

This shift matters because ESG is not merely about reporting. At its core, it is about building a stronger and more resilient business. Reducing waste, energy use, and material loss can improve efficiency and lower costs. Strengthening workforce practices can support retention and productivity. Enhancing governance and internal controls can improve credibility, resilience, and commercial trust.

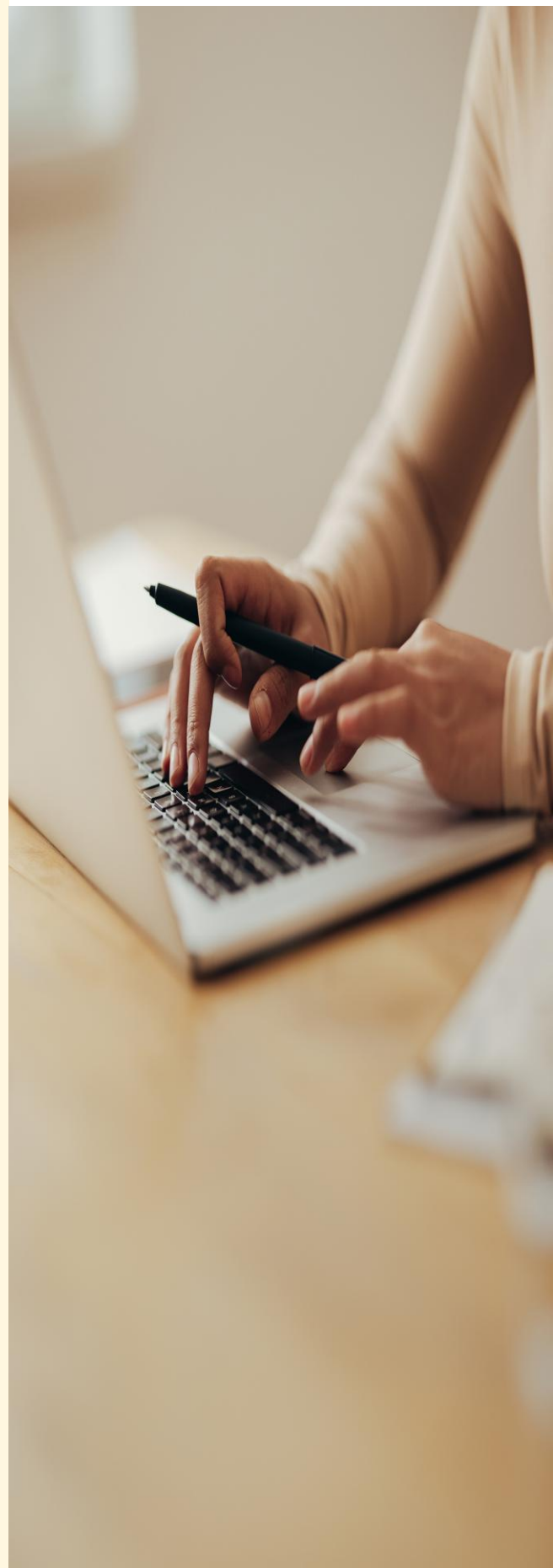
Seen this way, ESG becomes less of a reporting burden and more of a management tool. It sits alongside revenue, margins, and cash flow as part of the broader business dashboard, helping companies monitor the factors that shape long-term performance. It turns intention into measurable visibility — and visibility into better business decisions

Real Business Scenarios: ESG in Everyday SME Decisions

What does this mean in real business terms? In many cases, SMEs are already dealing with ESG issues — they simply do not label them that way.

- ❖ A manufacturer trying to reduce electricity usage and material wastage is addressing environmental performance, but also protecting margins.
- ❖ A business improving staff training, safety, and retention is managing social factors, while also strengthening productivity and operational stability.
- ❖ A company tightening approval limits, reporting practices, and internal controls is enhancing governance, while also building trust with banks, investors, and customers.

These are real business scenarios, not abstract sustainability concepts. ESG gives them structure. It helps management see the connection between operational choices, business resilience, and long-term value creation. In that sense, ESG is not an additional layer placed on top of the business. It is a more disciplined way of understanding how the business performs and where it may need to improve.



From Awareness to Action

The challenge for many SMEs is not a lack of relevance, but a lack of structure. Business owners may know that energy costs are rising, that customers are asking more questions, or that governance weaknesses can create risk. Yet these issues are often managed in a fragmented way, spread across operations, finance, human resources, and compliance, without a single framework to connect them.

That is where ESG can add value. It helps turn scattered concerns into a more organised management approach. Instead of treating sustainability as a side topic, management can begin by identifying which issues matter most to the business, what data is already available, what gaps remain, and where early improvements can be made.

This makes ESG more practical and less overwhelming. The objective is not to produce a perfect sustainability report overnight. The objective is to take the first step towards better visibility, better measurement, and better decision-making.

Why Data Matters

As ESG expectations become more common, qualitative statements alone are no longer enough. Stakeholders increasingly want evidence. They want to know how much energy is being used, whether emissions are being tracked, how employee matters are being managed, and whether the business has appropriate governance practices in place.

This is why ESG is increasingly becoming a data discipline. It requires companies to move beyond broad commitments and towards measurable indicators. For SMEs, this does not mean creating unnecessary complexity. It means starting with the data that is already closest to the business — utility bills, fuel records, waste data, employee information, policies, approvals, and internal controls.

Once this information is organised, management begins to see patterns more clearly. Costs, inefficiencies, operational risks, and improvement opportunities become more visible. In this sense, ESG data is not just for external stakeholders. It is also a tool for internal business intelligence.





The Risk of Staying Unprepared

For SMEs that choose to ignore ESG entirely, the risk is not only reputational. Over time, it may become commercial.

Larger customers may prefer suppliers who can provide basic sustainability information. Banks and financiers may increasingly ask questions about governance, climate exposure, or operational resilience. Investors and partners may view weak reporting and unclear controls as signs of broader management risk.

Even where regulation does not directly apply today, market expectations can still shape outcomes.

In this environment, being unprepared can gradually become a disadvantage. Not because every SME must immediately comply with the same standards as a listed company, but because transparency, discipline, and credible information are becoming part of how trust is built in the market.

A Practical Starting Point for SMEs

The good news is that SMEs do not need to begin with a full-scale reporting exercise.

A practical starting point is often enough

❖ The first step is to understand the business profile — its activities, facilities, workforce, and governance structure.

❖ The second is to identify the ESG issues most relevant to the company's operations and relevant stakeholders.

❖ The third is to gather a manageable set of baseline data, such as electricity use, fuel consumption, waste generation, employee information, and existing governance documents.

From there, the company can begin assessing where it stands, where the gaps are, and what actions should be prioritised.

This phased approach is important because ESG maturity develops over time. What matters most at the beginning is not perfection, but direction.

A company that starts measuring and improving today is already in a stronger position than one that waits until pressure becomes unavoidable.

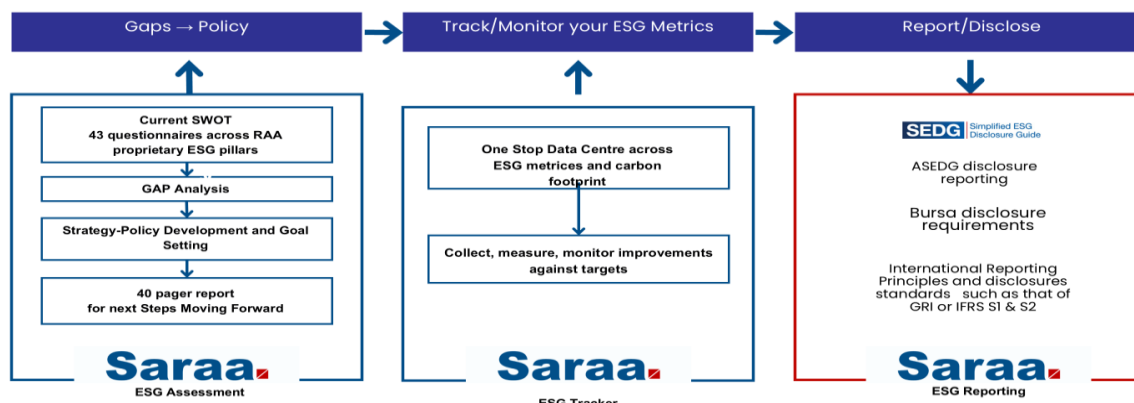
Moving from Intention to Measurable Performance

Ultimately, ESG should be understood as part of the way a modern business builds resilience and value.

For SMEs, the conversation is no longer about whether ESG is only for large corporations. It is about whether the business is prepared for a market in which performance, transparency, and accountability matter more than before.

The real shift is not simply towards more data, but towards greater accountability and measurable business performance. Businesses that understand their risks, organise their information, and demonstrate progress will be better placed to compete, build trust, and grow sustainably in the years ahead.

The system is built to **support the complete ESG lifecycle** — from data input and readiness assessment to AI-assisted report generation — **providing convenience especially to SMEs to begin compliance**



Saraa: Turning ESG into Practical Business Intelligence

For many SMEs, the question is no longer whether ESG matters, but how to respond in a practical, proportionate, and commercially relevant way.

Businesses need more than broad awareness — they need a structured way to identify priorities, organise data, monitor progress, and communicate their performance with confidence.

Saraa ESG Solutions was developed to address that need in a practical way.

It supports companies in identifying material issues, organising relevant data, tracking ESG and carbon performance, and turning that information into clearer business insight.

In this way, Saraa helps SMEs move from intention to structure, from fragmented data to measurable performance, and from uncertainty to greater business advantage

Assess

Establish your current position across environmental, social, and governance priorities through a structured baseline review

Collect

Organise the right ESG inputs in one place - from energy use and carbon data to workforce and supplier information.

Analyse

Turn raw inputs into insight by identifying gaps, monitoring progress, and comparing performance against relevant benchmarks

Report

Produce clear, credible ESG outputs that can be shared with customers, lenders, investors, and other stakeholders

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